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SPECIAL DISCOUNT



The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1848


August 15, 1923. Temperature 80. Barometer 29.75 Rainfall 0.96 inch. Humidity 87 August 15, 1923, Temperature 81.

THE DOLLAR.
To-day's closing rate 2/3 1/16.
To-day's opening rate 2/3 1/16.



ALERT ROSS & CO.
(CHINA) LTD.
Sole Agents

No. 18,955. 三拜禮 號五十八月八年三十二百九千一英 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1923. 日四初月七年亥癸大歲年二十國民華中 PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.



40 1/2 inches
T-HIGH

20 inches
WIDE

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DEEP

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TURNTABLE

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VICTOR
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A REAL CABINET VICTROLA
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If the greatest privilege of motherhood is to be yours; if you would know the joy of having Baby dependent on you alone for health and strength, make sure now that you will be able to nurse him yourself. Very many mothers who could not otherwise nurse their babies have been enabled to do so by taking Glaxo themselves every day. Taken regularly two or three times a day (both before and after Baby's arrival), Glaxo enriches and stimulates the flow of breast milk, and maintains the mother's strength without taxing her digestion.

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HE USUALLY DOES
(without comments)
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34, Queen's Road Central.

HITS REEF IN FOG.
PASSENGER STEAMER'S ACCIDENT.
ALL ABOARD SAFE.
(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)
LONDON, August 14.
The Southern Railway steamer "Princess Ema," from Southampton to St. Malo with 280 passengers, struck the Minquiers Reef off Jersey in a fog early this morning.
It was considered advisable to lower the boats, two of which were filled by the passengers in a very orderly manner. There were no casualties.
Subsequently the steamer floated off with the tide, proceeding to St. Malo under her own steam. There is no news of the two boats, but no apprehensions are felt as the sea is calm.
LONDON, August 14.
The "Princess Ema" has arrived at St. Malo with all her passengers.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.
CHARABANC FALLS INTO RAVINE.
PILGRIMS KILLED.
TARBE PYRENEES, August 14.
Twenty-three Dutch pilgrims to Lourdes were killed at Saint Sauveur through a charabanc falling into a ravine.
The accident was caused by the driver trying to avoid a woman in the road.
[Lourdes is the famous grotto and pilgrim shrine with many convents and the Church of the Rosary which is yearly visited by 500,000 pilgrims.]

COUNTY CRICKET.
MAGNIFICENT FINISH AT THE OVAL.
FINE STAND BY MIDDLESEX.
LONDON, August 14.
At Weston-super-Mare, Somerset lost to Kent by seven wickets. Woolley (F.E.) scored 106 not out in Kent's second innings.
Gloucester lost to Essex by six wickets at Cheltenham. For Essex, O'Connor compiled 128 and J. W. H. T. Douglas 147 not out, both in the first innings; Claude Ashton took 7 wickets for 11 runs in the second. Smith compiled 149 in Gloucester's first innings.
At Manchester, Hampshire obtained a first innings lead over Lancashire. Brown compiled 104 in Hampshire's second innings.
Surrey led Middlesex on the first innings at the Oval. Surrey declared at 482 for 6 wickets, Hobbs contributing 136 and Sandham 112. The second innings was declared at 239 for 7 of which Sandham had scored 73. Middlesex's first innings closed at 294, Hendren hitting 86 not out. When stumps were drawn Middlesex's second innings stood at 323 for 8 wickets, Hendren's contribution being 142 not out. It was a magnificent finish, Hendren saving Middlesex from defeat.

SOVIET ENVOY.
RAKOWSKY'S FATE UNSETTLED.
GOOD FAITH CLAIM.
LONDON, August 14.
The question of Britain's acceptance of M. Rakowsky's appointment as Soviet envoy to London is still unsettled. According to a Riga message, M. Rakowsky, in a statement, denies the anti-British utterances ascribed to him in the foreign press. He proclaims himself an advocate of the closest economic Anglo-Russian co-operation, considering the present time very favourable for the participation of British capital in the recovery of Russia.
M. Rakowsky has departed for Berlin. He hopes soon to go to London.

SEIZING VESSELS.
LATEST PROHIBITION RULING.
SIGNIFICANT JUDGMENT.
NEW YORK, August 14.
The following is the significant decision given by the Federal Court upholding the Government action in seizing the British vessel "Marion Mosher" off Fire Island on July 27:
"When a British vessel hovers around the American coast although three miles from shore with intent to violate the laws and is caught in the act of smuggling or attempting to smuggle intoxicating liquors and is shown that it is having contact with the shore its seizure, though of foreign registry and outside the 3-mile limit, is justified."

MINING DISASTER.
200 MEN ENTOMBED.
KEMMERER, WYOMING, August 14.
Following an explosion in the morning in one of the Kemmerer pits, 200 miners are entombed.
STRAITS PACT SIGNED.
ROME, August 15.
M. Jordanski, on behalf of Russia, has signed the Straits convention concluded at Lausanne.

ARBITRATE.
GERMANY REPEATS OFFER.
THE WAY OUT.
PASSIVE RESISTANCE CONTINUES.
(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)
BERLIN, August 14.
An expression of willingness to submit the Ruhr question to the International Court of Arbitration was one of the chief features of Chancellor Stresemann's speech in the Reichstag.
Outlining his policy further, he said the new Government formed on the broadest parliamentary basis would be the strongest Cabinet against any idea of the violation of Germany since the Republic had been established.
The passive resistance of the Ruhr population was deeply rooted in a firm conviction in the justice of its cause. This was just unequivocally recognised by the British Government and they might assume the statement of the British standpoint would find an echo in France and Belgium. The Government did not doubt that any impartial arbitral decision would restore the Ruhr to Germany.

LATER.
The Reichstag passed a vote of confidence in the new Government by 540 to 76 votes. There were 25 abstentions.
ORDER ESSENTIAL.
BERLIN, August 15.
Herr Stresemann only vaguely referred to the possibility of the resumption of reparations after unrestricted administration had been restored in the Ruhr. He assured Germany that all the imprisoned Germans would be released and Germany would be given a breathing space "provided the burdens imposed permit the continuance of the State's economic life and further development of the nation."
Finally he referred to the necessity of restoring order at home and appealed to all classes to support the gold loan. He declared it was the duty of the Government to satisfy the demand for a stable currency. He regarded the demand for a stable basis for wages as justified.
He concluded by saying he only is lost who surrenders himself. We have the right to believe in Germany's future and it is our task to secure it.

FRANCE'S REPLY.
PARIS, August 14.
A yellow book is being published shortly replying in detail to the British note.
Lord Curzon, Foreign Minister, is at present undergoing thermal treatment at Bagnolles, France.
LONDON, August 14.
French francs have further depreciated to 83.00. Belgian francs are 100.15. Marks are between 10,000,000 and 12,000,000.
AMERICA'S ATTITUDE.
WASHINGTON, August 14.
Mr. Calvin Coolidge, the President, presided at his first Cabinet meeting. All the Cabinet Officials now in Washington agreed to serve in their present capacity.
It is authoritatively stated that so far as Lord Curzon's reparations plan accords with Mr. Hughes' suggestion, the Government is ready to play its part in the fresh determination of the economic conditions of Germany.
Mr. Coolidge's administration adheres to the tradition laid down in the speech of Mr. Hughes in December that the Government does not see its way to make an open offer of direct aid in the present crisis, but it will readily respond to any appeal for aid from abroad where help can be given with due regard to the interests of the American people.
The President does not see any occasion to call a special session of Congress before the regular December session.

MORE FATAL RIOTS.
BERLIN, August 14.
Despite the strenuous efforts of the Communists, the collapse of the general strike is imminent. The gasworks are still idle, but work has resumed in a number of power-stations. Trams and the underground railways are running. Traffic on the State railways is almost normal.
Attempted demonstrations in various parts of Berlin were suppressed by the police.
The situation has worsened at Stettin where the dockers have struck. A number of shops were plundered, especially butchers and bakers.
The Communists have been stirring up the peasants, with the result that strikes have broken out on fifty estates in the Saldin district and partial strikes have occurred at numerous other places.
The Communist appeal for a general strike at Leipzig failed. The Communists attempted to occupy the industrial town of Seitz where nine Communists were killed. Thirty people, including several policemen, were wounded in a fight with the police.
Five civilians were injured in a collision with police in Hamburg. Order has been restored at Luebeck.
LATER.
Communists attempted to erect a barricade to prevent the passage of tram-cars in the East End of Berlin. They fired on the police who returned their fire, wounding four persons.
DUSSELDORF, August 14.
The French have seized fifty milliards of marks at Witteln.
POLICE CHARGE CROWD.
AIX-LE-CHAPPELLE, August 14.
Hundreds of Communists accompanied by cyclists patrolled the town. A number were arrested, whereupon the Communists attacked the police station. The German police threw hand grenades and emptied their machine-guns and revolvers into the crowd which mounted police then charged. Sixty demonstrators were killed and wounded.
[Aix-la-Chapelle, capital of Rhenish Prussia, is 44 miles from Cologne. Celebrated for its baths, the city has a population of 135,235.]

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Trousers to measure
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Socks cream ribbed
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You can keep your house clear of these pests, if you apply the virus occasionally. And remember the Sole Distributors are
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Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailors
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Breeches Makers
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EXPORTER OF
Swatow Drawn-thread Work and Canton Embroidery in finest Quality of silk and linen.
Dealing in Ivory, Brass, Pewter, Cloisonne and Lacquer.
Mandarin Costumes and Shawls are our most popular stocks.
All goods Fresh and Moderate in price.
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General Knitter & Dyer.
Manufacturers of Woolen Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters & all kinds of Underwear.
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Manager: YEUNG POH WAI.

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GUARANTEED BOTTLED
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We invite you to come and see our
very fine range of pleasing designs in

Lace Nets,
Spot Muslins,
Madras Muslins

at the right prices

LACE CURTAINS

at
very special prices.

BIRTHS.

KLINGENBERG.—On August 3, 1923, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Klingenberg, a son.
CORFIELD.—On August 4, 1923, at Kailang, the wife of G. F. Conyngham Corfield, D.S.O. (late Lieut.-Colonel, R.E.) Chinese Maritime Customs, Yehow, Hunan, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

VAIL—WHITNEY.—On August 4, 1923, at Shanghai, William Vail to Edith Averil Whitney, of St. Ives, Hunts, England.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1923.

LOCAL JURY REFORM.

Whilst a resident earning not less than \$100 per month and having the God-given intelligence which enables him to speak and understand the English language has no voice in the many things which are done for him by a London-appointed oligarchy, he is yet deemed capable of considering abstract legal points of view submitted by "windy warriors of the wig" and holding the scales evenly in such momentous matters as life and death. He is enjoined and caressed. He, in his collective capacity, is addressed as "Gentlemen of the Jury," and assured in dulcet tones that he cannot possibly help, after listening as he has, to the case before the Court, so intelligently and so earnestly, but arrive at a conclusion which will leave him no option but to reach a certain decision. We make no attempt here to belittle the Jury system, although we think we could make out a good case why it should either be abolished entirely, or arrangements made to have a more equal distribution of the different communities of our Colony occupying the box, than the balloting of names which is the rule, generally gives. We simply content ourselves with making a plea that the short list of

exemptions of those who are not called upon to serve, and which we are happy to say includes journalists, should be increased, or opportunity given to those who are entitled to the protection and consideration of the Court, to claim exemption in certain circumstances. We illustrate our point by referring to the case of a well-known local resident, whose name happened to be one of those drawn in the "lottery of chance" but who unfortunately was not there to answer it when called. He was fined although he pointed out that being the chief executive of a big shipping office the imperative duty and the work involved in getting away two of his Company's steamers, had so encroached upon his time and memory as to prevent him heading the summons that had been sent to him to attend Court. He was fined and presumably admonished. These facts are undisputed. They seem to suggest that the machinery of the Court should be elastic enough to allow such an one as we have mentioned—intimately engaged in business conducive to the prosperity of the Port—to come before an official empowered to hear and to act, and to claim temporary exemption. Take another instance. Here is the chief executive of a large concern, suddenly called to appear in Court on a day when business demands his presence and that his undivided attention shall be given to the affairs of those who have confidently placed him in such a position; affairs again which have a direct bearing on the prosperity of the Port. Failing attendance he is likely to share the fate of the previous exemplar and to come in for some unwanted publicity. There is another and a very serious aspect of this matter. Assuming one or more of the type of jurymen we have indicated being "drawn" for service in the circumstances described, is it possible, with their thoughts elsewhere that they are likely to be able to give that free and unfettered attention and consideration to the cases which come before them which is expected of them? It

is against human nature to expect any such thing. There is obvious need of reform, and that men holding responsible business positions should have the right to be heard when their claim to be allowed exemption is backed up by reason and the hard facts of logic.

Land Sales.

Despite Lowell's assertion that "the heaven alone that is given away" and the more pious one that "The earth is the Lord's and the fullness thereof" our Land Sales continue to vie with Tennyson's Brook.

"I'll face the land, to hastening bids a prey
"Where rents increase beyond our means to pay."

Apologies to Goldsmith by all means, but his gentle lines lend themselves to maltreatment that smug up the situation in a couplet. Hastening bids they must be if the run values to beyond a third and a fourth of what the Government assess them at, and increased rents follow as doth night the day. Our account of a land sale held recently, when land at Ho Mun Tin came under the hammer, stated that the sale was attended by "200 odd people." Happy phrase! Odd people! 200 of them! A shipwrecked Mariner who sights a land and is hungry for it, is not in it with these weather-beaten philanthropists eager to land a site. Perhaps we misunderstand them and that after all they have "learned the luxury of doing good." It is the broad view that should be taken in all things. These little land sales bring grief to the Government Mill; they help the Treasury to have a cool twelve million dollars or so in hand; help to make roads for more sites to be sold; including that one leading to the Vallhalla of the Tai-pans at Shekto; and help also to house our many and in some cases over-burdened and over-worked officials. And in any case it is an economic matter and last books and budding theoretic economists—even those in high places, tell us we must not interfere with the laws of supply and demand. Some day the scales of blindness will drop from our unseeing eyes and everything will be made plain to us. Meantime we go to the verses of an unknown Australian who composed them under the title of "The Land Sale" at a time "When the land-sharks" pushed suburban out on to the peaceful seaside heaths where he had his little home. They may have little to do with conditions as they exist here, but there seems a slight connection, whilst the last two lines give us hope:

Behold, upon the wind swept ways they rear
The tutored ensign of the host of greed
Who batten on their brother's homing need.
Across the moorland echoes far and near

The loud-tongued jargon of the auctioneer,
Bewildering the birds that build and breed
Upon their Maker's moor, sans title-deed.

Ye timorous things! What is it that ye fear?
What though men sell this flower-filled land and mar
Thy heathered heavens with unwevered street

And hide the gracious grass with sand and tar
To pave a way for rent-collecting feet.
Be comforted ye freedom-nurtured things.

For God hath other moors and ye have wings.

Money Talks.

The French Government and the French people are influenced in their reparations policy by two powerful motives which blind them to the ultimate consequences which must inevitably flow from persisting in it. These impelling motives are fear of Germany and the desperate plight of the national finances. If only tangible securities could be devised to ensure France from German aggression—and this given the will, should not prove beyond the wit of world statesmanship—the first step would be taken towards the tranquility and economic stability of Europe. Just in how desperate a State are the French finances may be seen from a few tell-tale figures taken from a review of the French financial situation by Mr. J. Lawrence Langlin, in the current number of *Scribner's Magazine*. Mr. Langlin writes: "By the end of 1913, France's total debt was 6,492,000,000 dollars (at par, roughly £1,250,000,000) which was more than twice that of Italy and nearly twice that of Great Britain. On top of this pre-war burden was added the phenomenal expenses of the world war. It reduced to the purchasing power of the franc in 1918, the cost of the war in gold was 12,430,000,000 dollars (roughly £2,500,000,000) to

which should be added property losses of about 17,450,000,000 dollars (£3,500,000,000) in all. Since the close of the war the national debt has been increasing and not only during the war, but in the subsequent years, the budgets have not balanced. At the end of 1921, the total debt is given as 59,444,000,000 dollars (£11,881,000,000). "As matters have gone from bad to worse since, it will readily be seen to what financial straits France has been reduced. These figures also enable us to understand her unwillingness to abate one jot or little of her claims against her powerful and potentially rich neighbour, from whom, up to the present, she has received less than sufficient to pay the cost of maintaining her army of occupation. What France has yet to learn is that the policy she has been pursuing is the least calculated to secure, in appreciable measure, the financial advantages to which, under the Versailles Treaty she lays claim, and that rather it is one to involve herself and the whole of the civilised world in a hopeless economic debacle. To avert such a catastrophe, however distasteful the alternative may be, she will have to recognise the expediency and the wisdom of acting in the strictest concert with her allies.

Today's Poem.

(The Doves.)

They flock around the fountain in the square,
White, fluttering doves, grown bold because they share
The tidbits of the children playing there:
The little cripple, even, pale and trussed,
Shares with the snowy birds his scanty crust,
And grows a smile because of their sweet trust.

Children and birds in gentle comradeship,
Is such a pretty sight that it must strip
From faces ears that shadowed brow and lip;
It gives a heart glow, like the sight that greets
You, sometimes, when the body Takes up with some poor vagrant cur he meets!

—JANET GARGAN.

SHADOWS BEFORE.

Coming Events Advertised In The Mail.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

August 15.—Coronet Theatre; Constance Talmadge in "In Search of a Sinner."
August 15.—18.—World Theatre "While New York Sleeps."
August 15.—Star Theatre; Mary MacLaren in "Bonnie Bonnie Lassie."

SPORTS.

August 16.—Royal Hongkong Golf Club Ladies' Medal Competition.
August 19.—Royal Hongkong Golf Club Competition, Happy Valley Course.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

August 15.—Lammert Bros., at Godown No. 51, Kowloon, 66 cases Foochow Tea, New Season (More or less damaged), 11 a.m.
August 17.—Lammert Bros., at their Sales Rooms, valuable leasehold properties at 3 p.m.
August 20.—At P.W.D. Offices, eight lots of Crown land at Stubbs Road, 3 p.m.
August 21.—Lammert Bros., at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street, "The s.s. 'Chekiang'" now lying at Shamsuipo, 3 p.m.

MEETINGS.

August 20.—General meeting of the Hongkong Philharmonic Society at St. John's Cathedral, 5.30 p.m.
December 12.—Meeting of Unsecured Creditors of the Hongkong Branch of the Banque Industrielle de Chine, at the City Hall, 3 p.m.

Y.M.C.A.

ACTIVE ACTIVITIES.

The Chinese Y.M.C.A. announce forthcoming events as under:—
Friday at 7.30 p.m.—The English Debating Club will carry out a Mock Trial.
Saturday at 3.30 p.m.—Vegetable dinner. 8.00 p.m.—"The Church and China" Address by Rev. H. T. Chung.
Sunday at 3 p.m.—"The Bible in China" Address by Rev. H. O. T. Burkwell. 8 p.m.—Address by Rev. H. T. Chung.
Monday at 7.30 p.m.—Cinema display. Also on Tuesday.
Tuesday at 7.30 p.m.—Chinese Debating Club.
It is proposed to form an orchestra of wind or string instruments. An average of 117 members used the baths, pool and gymnasium during July.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Wm. Powell Ltd. announce the sale of lace nets, spot and Madras muslins.

A sale by public Auction of Crown land, in Stubbs Road is announced to take place at 3 p.m. on Monday, the 20th inst.

The returns of notifiable diseases, for the 24 hours ended yesterday, report one case each of plague and small-pox. Both patients are Chinese.

A Chinese coolie who sustained serious injuries in falling from a ladder at the back of No. 106, Des Vaux Road West yesterday, died in hospital last night.

In the early hours of this morning, four men armed with daggers raided a small boat numbered B667V which was lying near the Mongkok ferry wharf and stole \$110.

A Peking message to the *Daily Bulletin* states that a report has been issued by the Mitsui Company giving the results of the official test of the wireless station at Shungshiao, near Peking. Communication was successfully established on August 10 with Bordeaux. The test is being continued with Sainte Assise, Nauen, Camaron, the Marshall Islands, etc.

At yesterday's meeting of the Sanitary Board the Chairman informed the meeting that the Government has given its formal approval to the Board's recommendations concerning the "Removal of Patients" By-laws. The rest of the meeting was purely formal. There were present the Chairman (Mr. G. R. Sayer), Dr. W. W. Pearce, Mr. C. G. Alabaster, Mr. Wong Kwong-tin, and the Secretary (Mr. J. A. Fraser).

The *Japan Chronicle* says:—Mr. P. L. Spence, the President of the Kobe Cricket Club, informs us that he has received a letter from Captain E. I. M. Barrett of Shanghai, stating that the Committee of the Shanghai Cricket Club, hearing that the Kobe Cricket Club is in financial difficulties, owing to the heavy expenses entailed in keeping up the Recreation Ground, has voted a donation of ¥100 to the K. C. C. The spirit of good fellowship that prompted the gift will be appreciated by all Kobe sportsmen.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

A Reuter cable from Amsterdam announces the death of M. Cremer, former Minister of Colonies. M. Cremer died after an operation.

A Reuter cable from Washington states that the late President Harding left estate valued at \$750,000. His wife is the chief beneficiary.

Cable advices received in Shanghai last week state that Mr. Abe Stein, president of the Abe Stein Co., died in New York after a short illness. This company is the parent organization of the China & Java Export Co., a Shanghai concern, dealing in hides and leathers. Mr. Stein was known in American circles as the "grand old man" of leather.

The death is announced of Mr. F. L. Latham, formerly Advocate-General of Bombay. Mr. Francis Law Latham, M.A., was called to the Bar in 1864. He went out to India in the Bombay Judicial Service, and officiated as Remembrancer of Legal Affairs from 1872 to 1873, and as Advocate-General and Judge of the Bombay High Court for various periods between 1880 and 1884. He was Advocate-General, Bombay, from 1884 to 1893.

The death is reported from Yokohama of Mr. Claude Albert Pig, after a painful illness of an internal nature, which lasted several months. Born at Pierre Bonite, in the Rhine district of France, in 1872, Mr. Pig came to Japan 23 years ago and joined the firm of Messrs. Dourille and Co., in which he eventually became a partner, marrying the oldest daughter of Mr. Dourille. Mr. Pig was a popular member of the French community and his early death will be deplored. He leaves a widow and four children.

The sad news has been received in Hankow of the death of Mr. H. J. Ling, at the age of 45, late manager of the Hankow Dispensary. The death occurred at the Kuling Hospital on the night of July 29 from tubercular trouble. It was not altogether unexpected as for the past month Mr. Ling was in a very critical condition. Much sympathy is felt for the widow and three children he leaves. Mr. Ling came out to China in 1900 when for three years he travelled for Messrs. Burroughs, Wellcome. In 1903 he joined the firm of Messrs. A. S. Watson and Co., with which firm Watson's gave up their Hankow branch. Mr. Ling took it over and organized it into what to-day is the Hankow Dispensary.

BANK LOAN.

\$73,925 CLAIM AGAINST MERCHANT.

QUESTION OF PROCEDURE.

An action by the Yik On bank, Bonham Street, to recover \$73,925.26 from a merchant named Yuen Hang-ku for money lent and interest due was begun in the Supreme Court this morning before the Chief Justice (Sir William Rees Davies, K.C.).

Before the trial started Mr. F. C. Jenkin, who, instructed by Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton, appeared for the defence, applied for permission to file a counter claim. Mr. Jenkin explained that a counter claim had been filed with the original pleadings last February but through an oversight the Court's permission was not first obtained. When the other side were asked to consent to an application being made to file a counter claim they refused to give their consent and filed a reply describing the counter claim as nullity. The counter claim he was seeking to file, counsel stated, asked for damages against the bank for having improperly sold certain shares deposited with them as security for a certain loan before notifying the defendant that they intended to exercise their right of sale. Mr. Jenkin contended that if a mortgagee sold without reasonable notice to the mortgagor the latter was entitled to substantial damages. The measure of damages in this case, it was submitted, would be the difference between the price at which the shares were sold and the highest price reached between the date of the sale and the date of the action.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., who, instructed by Mr. M. M. Watson (Messrs. Johnson, Stokes & Master) appeared to support the claim, offered several objections to Mr. Jenkin's application. He said the defence put forward was unsustainable and now Mr. Jenkin was seeking to abandon it. The one part of it which was sustainable was a paragraph admitting the entire amount of the claim and this paragraph Mr. Jenkin, according to the suggested counter claim, wanted to strike out. "They are purporting," said Mr. Alabaster, "to file a new counter claim and really they are striking out an admission of the entire claim. The old counter claim was pretty bad but it was better pleading than this."

Mr. Jenkin: Mr. Alabaster cannot take advantage of what he calls an admission in a document he describes as a nullity.

The Chief Justice asked why the defendant's solicitors when they discovered the omission did not ask in Chambers for permission to file a counter claim.

Mr. Jenkin: Because they wrote to the other side and hoped to get consent, which is not usually withheld.

The Chief Justice: Why did not they apply then?

Mr. Jenkin: Because we also had the right to make this application on the day of the trial.

Mr. Alabaster was proceeding to state further objections when the Chief Justice told him that he did not wish to hear him any more.

Announcing his decision to refuse the application, His Honour said the defendants desired to amend their defence (which they said could not be sustained in the sense it could not be proved), so as to substitute a new defence assessing damages which they said they could recover in law. This was a material amendment to the pleadings, to His Honour's mind, and should have been made long ago. The only observation he had to make as to the filing of the counter claim was that he thought the other side might have told the defendants frankly that they would waive their opposition to the counter claim or that they should file their notice in the usual way.

Mr. Jenkin denied that he was setting up a new defence and said that what he did sustain was that the sale of the shares was a wrongful one.

The Chief Justice: You will have to rely upon your pleadings.

Outlining the plaintiff's case, Mr. Alabaster explained that the amount claimed represented the difference between a total sum of about five lakhs advanced to the defendant and the amount realised by the sale of certain shares which were deposited as security for the loan. (Proceeding.)

K.C.C.

REMOVAL RUMOUR NAILED.

Much concern was caused among members of the Kowloon Cricket Club when the rumour got round this morning that the Government had ordered the K.C.C. to give up their ground. Fortunately, no such order has been given, probably because the Government at the moment has no recreation ground to offer in its place, though eventually the K.C.C. will be asked to move to King's Park, it is understood.

FLOOD RELIEF.

\$46,000 TO BE SPENT.

HUNG WAI HOSPITAL'S DECISION.

About a week ago, between \$600 and \$700 was subscribed in Canton for flood relief work in the Tung Kun district. Permission was obtained from Sun Yat-sen's headquarters to convey some rice which was purchased with the amount, by a military service car on the Canton-Kowloon Railway as far as Sheklung. Just before the train left, some Yunnanese troops seized both the rice and the flood workers on the ground that in these turbulent times military transport was paramount and nothing could be more important.

This was an allegation made by the representative of the Tung Kun District Commercial Association in Hongkong at this afternoon's meeting convened by the Tung Wah Hospital Committee to discuss applications for flood relief in the East, West and North Rivers districts. Mr. Wong Ping-sun (Chairman) presided. Supporting him were the Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall and the Hon. Mr. Chau Si-ki, the two Chinese representatives on the Legislative Council. Amongst those present were noticed Messrs. Li Yau-chuen, Li Wing-kwong, Lo Chung-kui, Li Po-kwai (Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce), Ip Lan-chuen, Chan Din-sun and others.

After some discussion it was resolved to apply a sum of \$46,432.21, the residue of a sum collected a few months ago for war relief, to help of the most urgent nature. It was strictly stated that no reorganising or rebuilding schemes would be considered yet as the sum was small while the personal help was more important. The Hon. Mr. Kotewall told the meeting that it was not imperative to spend any definite sum. They had to investigate conditions thoroughly first.

It was mentioned that difficulty in sending rice to some districts would be encountered owing to the dangers from bandits and military. The meeting decided that in districts which could be reached Hongkong would send supplies while the others would have to be attended to by the charity organisations of Canton. The various district commercial associations would be requested to send delegates to superintend distribution.

Mr. Li Yau-chuen jokingly referred to an instance during a previous flood when the people of a village in his own district claimed that there were 27,000 inhabitants when he knew there were only 9,000. He exhorted the delegates to supervise distribution conscientiously.

Mention was also made at the meeting of a scheme to raise funds under a combined effort in Hongkong, Canton and Macao with the Tung Wah Hospital as the central organisation. This was not, however, discussed.

CRUMBLING ARCADEY.

[Suggested by the new bye-laws to come into force on the Peak Trams.]

Woe, unto me, a common plebe,
My Star has fallen from the Heavens;
There's naught to do but sit and grove,
With Idols shot to six-and-sevens!

For did not I ere aim afar,
Promethean Heights to seek?
Was not my sole inspiring star
In orbit to the Peak?

Whereat thought I, (Alas!)
Arcadian mortals blest;
Without the sign, "Keep off the grass!"
On High Elysian crest!

Woe, unto me, (as I said before)
My Idols were but shams;
At least it seems like that and more,
From Peakists' "Rules on Trams!"

"Don't board till (children) all got off—
(O! Shade of good King Arthur!)
Don't board a moving tram or scoll
At yelpings of the Starter!"

"Get off when pushed, obey the Guard,
Don't stand, don't smoke, don't chew or spit;
(My Lord, that word sounds hard!)
Don't ride unless you sit!"

"Don't play (mouth-organs or jaw's-harp)
Don't sing (a Coaster song).
Get drunk—(Oh, Pusyfoot be sharp!)—
And swearing, that's profoundly wrong!"

Oh, how much better it would be
Instead, to inscribe thus:
"ALL GENTLEMEN depart
with civility
And all the OTHERS must!"

JOHN KYOTO,
1923.

S A F E S.

NO FIRE
has ever destroyed
the contents of a
JOHN TANN "Fire-
resisting SAFE."

JOHN
TANN
LTD.,
LONDON.

NO BURGLAR
has ever succeeded
in opening a JOHN
TANN Thiel-resist-
ing SAFE.

SOLE AGENTS—CHINA & HONGKONG:
ARNHOLD & CO., LTD.,
1A, CHATER ROAD. 'PHONE CENTRAL 1500.

For Home
and
For Everybody

"WHITE MOUNTAIN"
FREEZERS

OBTAINABLE AT
THE WING ON CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG.

COMMERCIAL

MANY NEW CHINESE
SHOPS.
MOSTLY PURVEYORS OF
GERMAN GOODS.

Along that part of Queen's Road Central from Central Market westwards to Possession Street, small Chinese stores—pocket editions of the department stores—are springing up. Old ones have become reorganised and are taking up new ideas. An inspection to-day proved that they were wonderful outlets for sundry manufactured goods despite the bad times. Miscellaneous articles for household and personal use are stocked in large quantities and in the course of conversation it was gathered that more than half of the average purchases of each shop are for German made goods. Hitherto Japan manufactures have held the upper hand. But recently, German made toys, blankets, "thermos-flasks," garters, etc. have made their appearance. The shopkeepers themselves cannot say whether the liking for these goods is due to their make-up or to the competitive prices irrespective of quality, but there is no gainsaying the fact that there is a large turnover in this trade which seems likely to expand.

RICE TRADE.

Eager purchasers for up-country towns sent the rice market up from eight to twelve cents a picul yesterday and to-day. Orders are coming in regularly though most of them are small. There is a tendency to buy on the "to arrive" basis as the purchasers wish to ensure a steady stream of shipments away if transport is not hampered.

AUSTRALIAN FRUIT.

The following has been communicated by the Australian Trade Commissioner at Shanghai:

The first shipment of fresh fruits—apples, grapes, oranges and lemons—for Eastern markets under the Greig-Allen system of airless storage, was made by the China-Australian steamer "Victoria," which left Melbourne for Hongkong on 24th March. The fruit is shipped in steel containers 7 ft. by 5 ft., by ft., and the joints are welded. The air is then pumped from the containers by water pressure and a vacuum created and the freezing of the fruit, as in refrigerated chambers, is avoided. One of the steel containers will be opened at Thursday Island, and the remaining three at Hongkong. Should the experiment prove successful, it is anticipated that this test shipment will be the beginning of an extensive export trade in Australian fruit.

WUCHOW TRADE.

DECREASE IN 1922.

Imports, Direct and Coastwise. The gross and net values of foreign goods imported amounted to 4.5 million and 3.4 million Haikwan taels respectively, as against the corresponding totals in the preceding year of 7.7 million and 5.6 million Haikwan taels, showing a

remarkable diminution of about 3.2 million Haikwan taels under each heading.

Re-exports.—The total value of foreign re-exports amounted to H.K. Tls. 1,109,232, as against H.K. Tls. 1,083,065 in 1921. Reshipments to Nanning, which as usual formed the greater portion of the trade under this heading, were valued at H.K. Tls. 889,600 (principal items: Indian cotton yarn, H.K. Tls. 344,520; kerosene oil, H.K. Tls. 197,995), as against H.K. Tls. 1,030,578 in the preceding year.

Exports, Abroad and Coastwise (including Re-exports).—The total value of original exports and re-exports combined amounted to 4.9 million Haikwan taels, as against 5.9 million taels in 1921. All the staple exports of the port fell off heavily, due to the obstruction of up-river traffic. Native Customs.—The total value of the trade during the year amounted to H.K. Tls. 8,128,292, as against H.K. Tls. 15,449,914 in 1921. Compared with previous years, both import and export trade declined most remarkably, and the revenue has dwindled to H.K. Tls. 83,052, which is the smallest collection in the last two decades. (From the Commissioner of Customs Trade Report.)

WATER POLO LEAGUE.

TWO FAST GAMES
AT V.R.C.

[By Argus.]

In the Hongkong Water Polo League, at the V.R.C. swimming pool last night, two fast games were witnessed. The R.A.M.C. and R.G.A. (B) teams drew (1-1), while the V.R.C. (A) defeated the King's (A) by 7 to nil.

In the first match, Captain Tomlinson scored for the R.A.M.C. soon after the opening from a pass by Percy. A minute later, Barton made the scores level. After a lively struggle, in which both goalies were kept busy, half-time arrived with the score one all. After the interval, Wooley missed by inches. In reply, the R.A.M.C. sent in three shots in quick succession, which Oram did well to save. From this point, the game became somewhat rough, both sides striving to obtain the winning point without success. A draw was a satisfactory ending.

The teams: (B)—Oram (goal); Doggerell, Manser (backs); Wooley (half-back); Barton, Knowles, Colyer (forwards). R. A. M. C.—Walker (goal); Baigent, Pigott (backs); Percy (half-back); Tidd, Chilton, Tomlinson (forwards).

Referee: Mr. R. C. Witchell.

THE SECOND MATCH.

The V.R.C. pressed from the start and after Moore had saved from Knight at the expense of a corner, Watson scored with a fast shot for the V.R.C. After the restart a shot from Busschaert struck the post, but the same player hit it a pass from Lyon (2-0). Moore continually won applause for his excellent defence in goal, but after he had saved a regular hurricane of shots, Busschaert got one past him just before half-time from a pass by Witchell (3-0). Early in the second half, Watson added a fourth point. Busschaert scored the fifth and seventh, and Stewart the sixth, giving the V.R.C. victory by 7 to nil. The King's put up a capital fight against a far stronger team. At times feeling ran high, but Mr. Clow was equal to the occasion.

The sides:—V.R.C. (A):—Knight (goal); Sewell, Witchell (back); Stewart (half-back); Lyon, Watson, Busschaert (forwards).

King's (A):—Moore (goal); Hill, Kearney (backs); Proffitt (half-back); Tuzio, Jones, Parry (forwards). Referee: Mr. D. Clow.

WORLD THEATRE.

A GREAT SENSATIONAL
MELODRAMA.

"While New York Sleeps" is the next William Fox's production that has caused a great sensation wherever it has appeared on the screen. It consists of eight reels and is a high strung trinity of stories whose scenes move in tragic revelation. The picture is admirably balanced amid the upper and under worlds of a great city. As a matter of fact, it is a drama of life behind the scenes in New York. It realistically pictures human beings, human emotions and human destinies upon the ground work of social conditions and principles of the present day. Three performers—Estelle Taylor, Marc McDermott and Harry Southern—appear throughout the three stories in varied roles. The first part "Out of the Night," comes a strange visitor when the young wife of a rich man chances to be left in the house with her child. The incidents that occur with such a sudden visitor are appalling. The second part "The Gay White Way" is at its gayest in the ball-room of the Palais Royal when a yamp lures a handsome and prosperous looking man to her table. In this scene a terrible tragedy ensues by the woman being found lying dead on the floor, pistol in hand. The third part, "A Tragedy of the East-side" is foretold in the nature of the girl. She is impassioned and tempestuous and fights like a demon at the sweetshop where she works and is discharged. She finds shelter at the home of a Paralytic. He can neither move nor talk, but his senses of sight and hearing remain and he is eloquent with his eyes. His heart is centred on a delicate-looking son, but he disapproves the boy's love for the girl. The boy urges her to marry him and she does. Gradually he becomes the object of her dejection through his simple goodness of heart. The story goes on for further incidents which leads to final tragedy—both the gangster and the girl are killed in their attempt to escape. The summing up of values in Fox's "While New York Sleeps," particularly on account of the third episode, stamps it as a masterly production in its class. This beautiful film will be screened from to-day till Saturday next at the World Theatre.

ROXOR

SHIPPING BOARD.

STEAMERS TRADING TO
ORIENT.

NO BIDS YET FOR PURCHASE.

The proposals of the U.S. Shipping Board either to sell the Merchant Marine with the alternative proposals of allocating ships by sale to the agents on some 18 of the prominent routes, should be of considerable interest to the local shipping agencies, for the two American passenger lines, the Pacific Mail and the Admiral Line, are concerned vitally, says the North China Daily News. These two companies are now acting as agents for the Board on the two routes, the southern and northern having for their terminals on the western coast of America, San Francisco and Seattle respectively. It has been with the advent of their large ships, the 535's, as they are styled, that American ships have really entered the competitive passenger business, as well as the silk trade and general cargo business.

It has been intimated by the Shipping Board that neither of the lines has submitted a bid for the acquisition of these ships which has been found satisfactory to the Government. It is said it will probably take in addition to the purchase price, another \$300,000 to make them absolutely efficient, so as economically to bring the highest possible return for money invested, for there is a lack of loading space between decks that disallows the most effective stowage. For instance, holds cannot accommodate freight for midway ports and short hauls without a general shifting while steaming, and seafaring men know that to be unsatisfactory. Passenger accommodation is not large enough and space is taken by crew's quarters that could easily be diverted to more profitable spheres. For these reasons it is not a business proposition to offer a valuation without deducting for changes necessary. It is further understood that all tenders for trans-Pacific service with the exception of the two lines now in operation have been rejected, including a bid by Portland interests, for passenger boats, though the freight service to that port will likely continue.

SAN FRANCISCO'S INTEREST. Various other companies have been bidding for the service from San Francisco to the Orient, and the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce has been in touch with the Shipping Board, and the following telegrams have been sent to Washington.

May 29.—"San Francisco Chamber of Commerce understands that Pacific Mail Steamship Company has submitted bid for trans-Pacific ships now in their service. By official vote of our board of directors we take pleasure in giving strong endorsement to this company. Pacific Mail has operated from this port for 57 years. Has high reputation for service and management and has continuously furnished a service which is vital to the trade of this community and which merits and receives community support."

June 6.—"Regarding bids for Shipping Board vessels in trans-Pacific service from San Francisco to the Orient, the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce is supremely interested in the maintenance of a service and schedule at least equal to that at present maintained by a company managed and operated at this port. The Robert Dollar Company members of this chamber request us to endorse the Admiral-Oriental Line to run ships out of this port to the Orient. As the latter company have not yet run ships out of this port, we cannot pass on their activities but we can strongly endorse the Robert Dollar Company as a shipping concern with headquarters at San Francisco and having the highest reputation for integrity and efficiency."

June 10.—"Referring to our wires of May 29 and June 6 endorsing the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and Robert Dollar Company in compliance with the provisions of the Jones Act. Since sending these wires the question has arisen—as to whether the interests of this port would best be served by a steamship line operating solely from San Francisco to the Orient or by a company operating jointly out of this port and a competitive port."

In order to ascertain the sentiment of this community a public meeting was held on June 15 which was attended by shippers, importers, exporters and transportation interests. This meeting was largely attended and thoroughly representative. There were strong and practically unanimous expressions of opinion that the interests of this port would be best served by the continuation of the service of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company as a company operating solely from San Francisco.

The board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce at their regular meeting to-day unanimously endorsed this view and respectfully ask that due and proper consideration be given to the expressed wish of those most vitally interested in trans-Pacific trade from this port."

PLAYGROUNDS.

THE ABSOLUTE NEED.

Last week the China Mail published a letter from the Reverend W. T. Featherstone, Headmaster of the Diocesan Boys' School, in which mention was made of Pamphlet No. 27, published in July 1913 by the Board of Education, London. The pamphlet in question was prepared by Mr. Walter Wood, who visited the United States for the purpose of collecting material and gaining first-hand knowledge of the arrangements made for the play of school children.

The report traces the playground movement in America from the opening of the sand gardens in Boston in 1887 up to the year 1912 when the scheme had developed to such an extent that most of the large cities throughout the United States boasted of Public Athletic Leagues or Playground Associations.

The pamphlet is replete with information on the subject of play in relation to public education through all the varying phases. The conclusions drawn by Mr. Wood, however, are the most important points as the matter affects Hongkong. In a nutshell, the opinion reached is that public playgrounds increase school discipline and efficiency, decrease truancy and juvenile delinquency and generally have a healthy influence upon school curriculum. If this was true in 1913, it is fair to assume that it is even more true to-day; otherwise the movement would not have spread and found almost universal favour among teachers in America and Great Britain.

The Minute Man, the organ of the American Co., "S.V.C.", Shanghai, contains a number of pretty paragraphs, one or two specimens of which we reproduce for the benefit of readers. The first is as follows:

Sgt. Hairy Hill, our demon shroff, wins the beautiful hand-embroidered bath tub. You sure can collect the iron men. Harry, a delicate allusion to owner-driven motor cars seems to be contained in the subjoined comment:

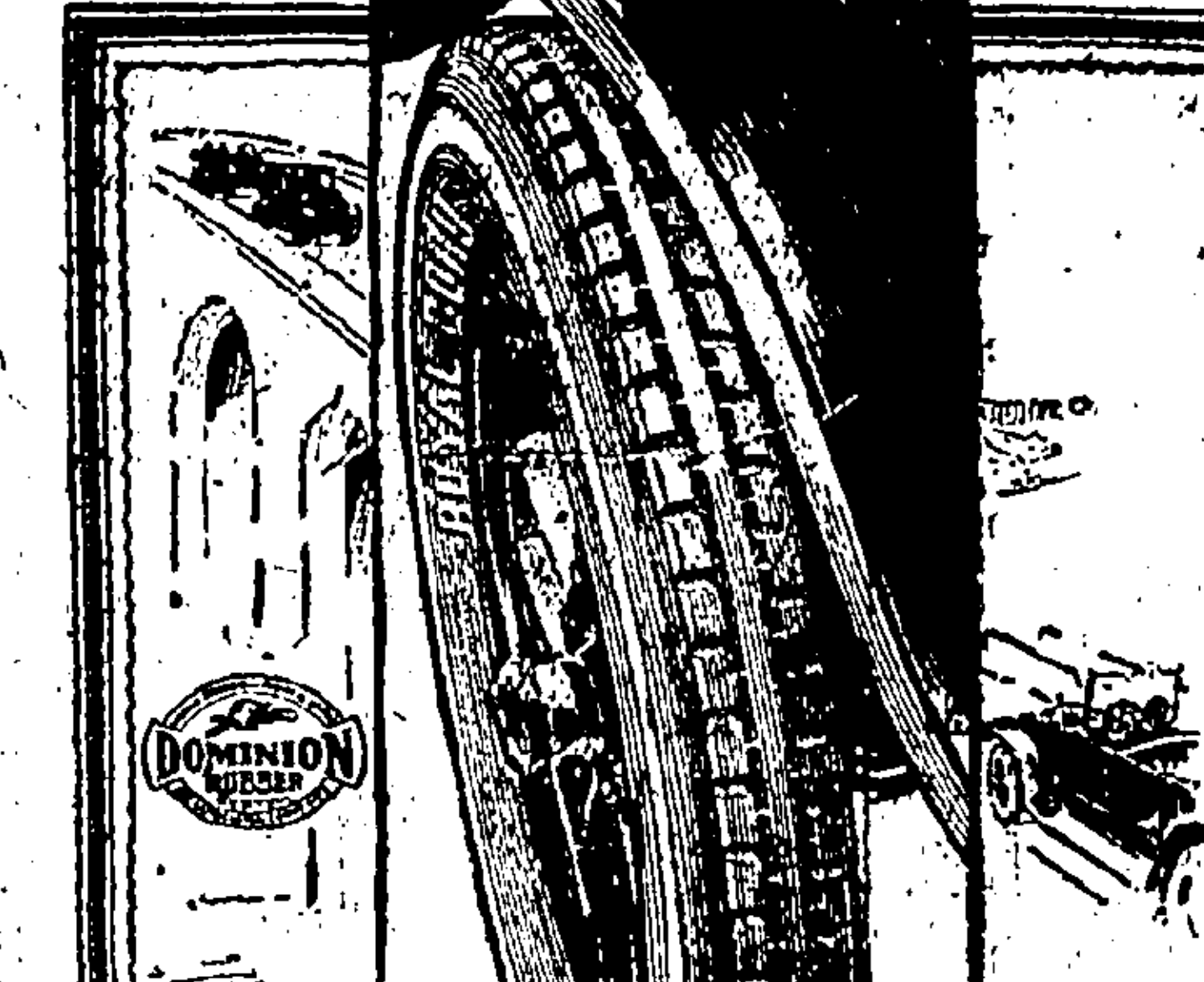
Pte. Pete Boutros, Tommy Milton's only rival, is getting out of trim. He had 10 tries at rickshaws with his benzine buggy and got a washout. What's a matter, Pete, getting old? After this the editor of the Minute Man brings the edition to a close with the following note:—We will now bend our lip over some merry maulage frigid H2 O. and bask in the cool breezes of Tommy Edison's oscillating invention. Here's looking atcha.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.



Give your children more
DAIRY PRODUCTS
WATCH THEM GROW

TYRES TUBES



Your friends who use Royal Cord Tyres can give you some excellent advice on the choice of tyres for your own motor car.
United States Rubber Co. (S.A.) Ltd.
SOLE AGENTS:
HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

Royal Cord
A Dominion Tyre

HOP CHEONG
HIGH CLASS FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.
DEALERS IN
Swatow Hand-Made Drawn Thread Work
New and Old Embroideries Silk, &c., &c.
No. 55, Queen's Road Central,
HONGKONG, CHINA.

THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK

The Fourth issue of the TELEPHONE HANDBOOK will be published in AUGUST, 1923.

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK consists of an up-to-date and accurate index of Telephone Subscribers, the numbers being given in sequence.

SPECIMEN PAGE.

Central—22	The Newspaper Enterprise Ltd., 5, Wyndham Street
do 22	"China Mail" (Newspaper), 5, Wyndham Street
do 22	The Dollar Directory Co., 6, Wyndham Street
do 22	Telephone Handbook, 5, Wyndham Street
Peak—22	Bridge, R. L., Residence, 120, The Peak
Kowloon—22	Green Island Cement Co., Cement Works, Hok-on
Central—23	Jordan, Forayth, Grove, Aubrey, Unquhart, Lyon
do 23	Brown & Macgown, Drs., Alexandra Buildings
do 23	Brown, Dr. Lyon, Office, Alexandra Buildings
do 23	Forayth, Dr. C., Office, Alexandra Buildings
Peak—23	Brown, Mr. N. S., Residence, 76, The Peak
Peak—23	Butterfield and Swire, Mr. N. S. Brown's, Residence, 76, The Peak
Kowloon—23	Ye Fong Chan, 136, Temple Street, Yau-mai
Central—24	Tak Shun Bank, 155, Queen's Road, Central
Peak—24	Ball, A. Dyer, Residence, 51, The Peak
Kowloon—24	Dixon, H., Residence, 4, Lyemmoon Villas, Chatham Road
Central—25	Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Aberdeen Dock, Aberdeen
Peak—25	Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Chief Manager's Residence, 196, Magazine Gap, The Peak
Peak—25	Dyer, R. M., Residence, 166, The Peak
Kowloon—25	Shun Lai Sang, 33, Peking Road

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK has met a want which has long been felt amongst users of the Telephone, as it provides an easy means of ascertaining the name of the Subscriber without the necessity of a search through the ordinary alphabetical directory.

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK costs \$1 per copy and is sold on the strict understanding that on the publication of a new one the old one will be returned to the publishers. The proviso is made in the interests of Subscribers in view of the frequent changes that take place.

ORDER.

THE HONGKONG DOLLAR DIRECTORY CO., 5, Wyndham St.
Please supply me with..... copy of the July—December 1923 issue of the Telephone Handbook at \$1 per copy. I agree to return this copy to you on application when a new Handbook is published.

Cash enclosed \$.....

Name.....

Address.....

Tel. No.

'SWATOW

FLYOSAN



Mrs. Joseph S. Wilson

It cost Mrs. Joseph S. Wilson, \$100,000 to get a divorce in Nevada. Her father, the late Charles W. Ford, President of the Kenwood National Bank of Chicago, set aside a trust fund of that sum for her the income to be paid her so long as she remained married and lived with husband.



Arthur Havers

Here is a photograph of Arthur Havers, the 24-year-old professional, who won the British open golf championship, defeating Walter Hagen, the American title holder, by one stroke at the end of 72 holes.



Eddie Zimmerman

Eddie Zimmerman, life guard a Manhattan Beach, often called "Adonis Eddie," is back on his life-guard job, after an absence of two years, during which time he was the husband of Mrs. Cornelius A. Lane, widow of a young millionaire publisher, of Philadelphia. Eddie had been a life guard so long he couldn't make a model husband, so a divorce resulted—and Eddie is back to listen again for the cry of "Help."



Philip Drumm

Philip Drumm, 38, cashier of the American State Bank of Wichita, is alleged to have confessed the defalcation of \$1,500,000 of the bank's funds. He loaned great sums to oil operators on unsecured notes. He had been employed in the bank for 20 years.



Mrs. Nicholas Lenz and Leona

To a Chicago judge in the Domestic Relations Court has been delegated a task similar to that with which two mothers confronted King Solomon. Mrs. Nicholas Lenz, of Chicago, says that Baby Leona aged four, is her daughter and that she gave birth to her by a Caesarian operation in April, 1918. Mrs. Julia Warzna claims that the child was born to her in Poland, in the same year, and that she loaned her to Mrs. Lenz, after her husband died, because of her inability to support the babe. The judge must determine the identity of the child's custodian.



Fred Thompson in two poses

These two photographs are of Fred G. Thompson, held in Chicago on the charge of being the "handit queen" who murdered Richard O. Tesmer, insurance broker, who tried to save his wife's wedding ring from a hold-up "woman." For fourteen years Thompson has posed as "Mrs. Francis Carrick," wife of a chauffeur. The remarkable part of the dual life is that Thompson himself had a wife, Mrs. Marie Clark, whom he married two years ago. This marriage so angered Carrick, who had "married" Thompson, that a fight resulted, ending in all three living together in a strange compact.



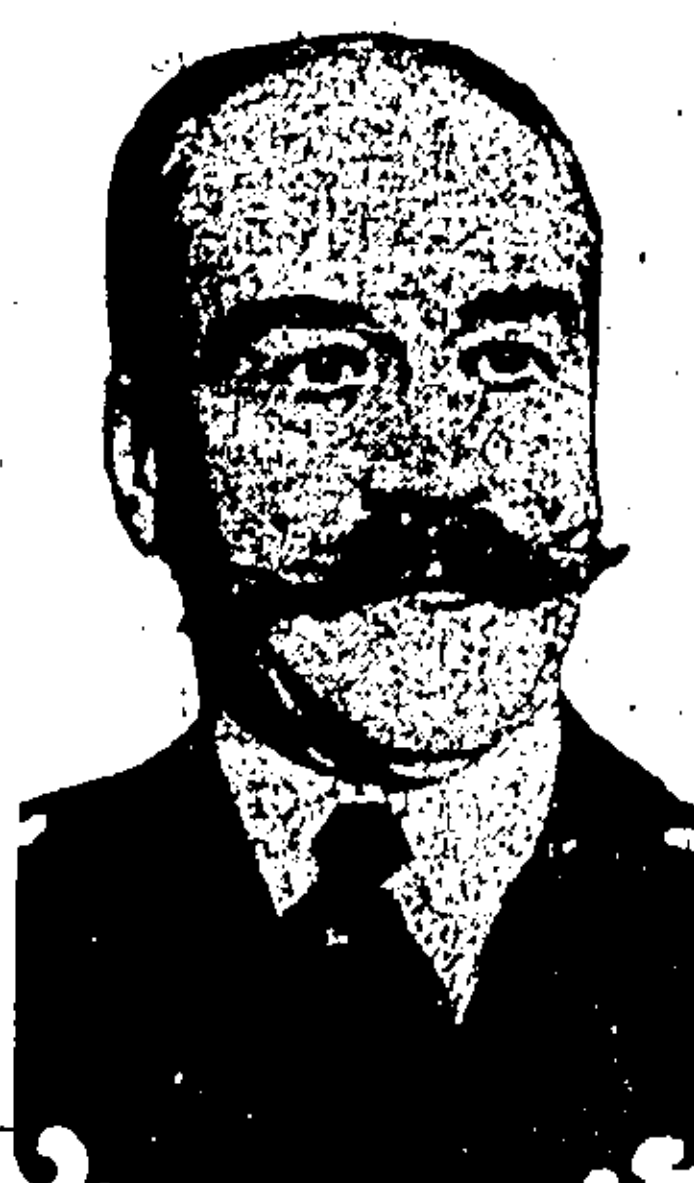
Miss Fay Blanck

Miss Fay Blanck recently volunteered to serve a subpoena which U. S. Marshals had been unable to serve on Otto Lehman, wealthy department store owner, who was wanted before the Grand Jury. She was admitted to his office, but there her bravado failed her, and she burst into tears. Mrs. Lehman courteously accompanied her before the Grand Jury.



Ernest Greenwood

Ernest Greenwood has been elected President of the International Association of Civitan Clubs, in session in Washington.



George Maxwell

George Maxwell, rich New York music publisher and leader in American musical circles, has returned unexpectedly from Europe and is now out on \$5,000 bail on a charge of being the author of numberless poison pen letters. The indictment to which he surrendered alleged he wrote vile letters to Allan A. Ryan, son of Thomas Fortune Ryan, about Mrs. Ryan and Maxwell himself. He denies all the charges.



J. A. Dixon and H. E. Griffin

Engineer J. A. Dixon and Fireman H. E. Griffin, of the Baltimore and Ohio, were certainly proud to be placed in the engine which pulled out of the Washington station with the Presidential train in which the late President Harding began his long trip Alaskaward.

HOUSEWIVES ATTENTION: Take up Arms (Any kind of house spray); LOAD (Fill the spray with LOTOL); AIM (All corners, crevices, cracks or any suspected places); FIRE (Spray LOTOL freely; it quickly does its work and leaves no trace. There is no mistaking the enemy; they are widely known as VERMIN; commencing with fleas, they range up as large as cockroaches; and no matter how thorough and careful the little housewife may be, these miscreants somehow make entry to even the cleanest homes.

LOTOL The Clean Liquid Vermicide—No Stain.

ASK ANY DISPENSARY

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Sole Agents for South China.

BRINGING UP FATHER

Do you experience difficulty when reading at night? If so, you should consult an eye specialist. Then reading by lamplight will be a pleasure, not an infliction. Your sight is also protected.

CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
EXPERT OPTOMETRISTS
AND OPTICIANS
67 Queen's Road Central.

DOESN'T YOUR HUSBAND LIKE CANOEING?

NO, I LEFT HIM OVER ON THE ISLAND, TAKING A NAP—I DON'T THINK HE LIKES CAMPING EITHER.

GRACIOUS! THIS LAKE IS FILLED WITH RUBBISH—JUST LOOK AT THAT BOX?

IT'S TERRIBLE! PEOPLE OUGHT TO BE ARRESTED FOR THROWING THINGS IN THE LAKE.

LOOK! IT'S ALIVE!

I THINK I KNOW WHAT IT IS.

NOW FOR "DINTYS."

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EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Editor's Service to the China Mail.)

THE SINGAPORE BASE.

LONDON, August 13.
Mr. Richard Holt, a director of Messrs. Alfred Holt & Company, and the China Mutual Steamship Company, writing to the *Daily News*: "As one of a comparatively small section of the community who seem certain to benefit by the Singapore Naval base scheme," compares the site of 2,817 acres given by the Straits Settlements Government with the 1,914 acres owned by the Messrs. Holt & Co. and says ten millions is ludicrously inadequate to spend on it. Mr. Holt says the reason primarily is in a defence scheme is the necessity for providing a graving dock capable of taking a big battleship. He says the Gladstone graving dock at Liverpool, which is capable of this, cost half a million. He estimates that a million and a half will meet the cost at Singapore and concludes therefrom that preparations are being made for much more than the ostensible scheme.

PAN PACIFIC CONGRESS.

MELBOURNE, August 13.
At the opening sitting of the Pan-Pacific Science Congress, the speakers agreed on the urgent need for co-operation in facing the great problems common to the Pacific nations.

One Japanese delegate hoped that the congress would pave the way for permanent peace in the Pacific and the whole world.

HOME CRICKET.

LONDON, August 13.
At Bradford, Yorkshire defeated Derbyshire by eight wickets. The Yorkshire bowler Rhodes, in the first innings took 7 wickets for 60.

At Nottingham, Nottingham defeated Leicestershire by an innings and 31 runs. For Nottingham made 83 runs unfinished. Barratt in the first innings took 5 wickets for 31. Richmond in the second innings took 7 for 72.

At Worcester, Worcestershire defeated Northamptonshire by nine wickets. For Worcestershire in the first innings L. Crawley compiled 161 and Fox 178 unfinished. Root took 7 wickets for 91.

At Birmingham, Sussex beat Warwickshire by an innings and 130. For Sussex Street compiled 72 and Colonel Watson 90 not out.

Ireland defeated Wales by an innings and 23. Wales made 153 in their first knock and 242 in their second. Ireland made 418 in their first innings. Heaslip, for Ireland made 96.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LTD.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the office of The Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited):—
Seitonbu, from Nishikaratsu.
Lee Chang 203030 Eirakunishigai, from Tokyo.
Helm 119 Prara East, from Yokohama.
Pooma, from Weihaiwei.
Nam Kee, 56 Des Voeux Road Central, from Amoy.
Pan Lee Chun Kee, Queen's Road, from Shanghai.
Kwokyanzur, Care Great Eastern Hotel, from Shanghai.
Ng Kam Fai, Portland Street, Yau-mai from Amoy.
0111, from Shanghai.
Chang Gee Hia Great Eastern Hotel, from Shanghai.
0035 (2), from Kobe.

N. LUND,
Act. Superintendent.
Hongkong, August 9, 1923.

EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRALASIA & CHINA TELEGRAPH CO.

List of unclaimed telegrams lying in E. E. Telegraph Office, Hongkong.
Burnie, from Cebu.
Gutierrez 4 Filken St Kowloon, from Macao.
Niddrie Empress Canada, from Manila.
Mr. Young Victoria, from Macao.
R. M. MACALPINE,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, August 9, 1923.

TO CURE BILIOUS HEADACHES.

Bilious headaches arise from constipation and sluggish liver. By gently cleansing the digestive tract and stimulating the liver Pinkettes speedily

PINKETTES

set this trouble right. (They also aid digestion, clear the skin, purify the blood, prevent diarrhoea and dysentery. Of course, or cost from 60 cents per box, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kingston Road, Shanghai.

Pinkettes keep you well.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

VESSELS DUE

FROM BANGKOK.

Aug. 16.—E. A. Banks.
30.—E. A. Hingang.

FROM MANILA.

Aug. 19.—U.S.S.B. West Carmona.

FROM JAVA.

Aug. 10.—J.C.J.L. Tjitaroom.
27.—J.C.J.L. Tjitaroom.

FROM SINGAPORE.

Aug. 19.—U.S.S.B. West Carmona.

FROM CALCUTTA.

Aug. 27.—M.L. Tardila.

FROM SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

Aug. 27.—C.A.S.S. Victoria.
Sept. 10.—E. A. Arafura.
Oct. 8.—E. A. Arafura.
Nov. 6.—E. A. Arafura.
Dec. 10.—E. A. Arafura.

FROM VANCOUVER.

Aug. 16.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
23.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
27.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Oct. 3.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Nov. 2.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Dec. 13.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Jan. 10.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.

FROM PORTLAND.

Sept. 4.—U.S.S.B. West Coast.
9.—U.S.S.B. Hannawa.

FROM LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug. 31.—U.S.S.B. West Coast.
Sept. 21.—U.S.S.B. West Coast.

FROM SEATTLE.

Aug. 16.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
23.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
27.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Oct. 3.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Nov. 2.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Dec. 13.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.
Jan. 10.—C.P.S. Empress of Asia.

FROM EUROPEAN PORTS.

Aug. 25.—E. A. Java.
Sept. 8.—E. A. Java.
Sept. 15.—E. A. Java.
Oct. 10.—E. A. Java.

FROM LONDON.

Aug. 25.—P. & O. Martus.
28.—P. & O. Martus.
Sept. 1.—P. & O. Martus.
Sept. 1.—P. & O. Martus.
Sept. 1.—P. & O. Martus.
Sept. 1.—P. & O. Martus.
Sept. 1.—P. & O. Martus.
Sept. 1.—P. & O. Martus.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Aug. 24.—B. F. Percus.
29.—B. F. Percus.
Sept. 7.—B. F. Percus.
Sept. 7.—B. F. Percus.
Sept. 7.—B. F. Percus.
Sept. 7.—B. F. Percus.
Sept. 7.—B. F. Percus.
Sept. 7.—B. F. Percus.

FROM HAMBURG.

Sept. 7.—M. B. Carl Legien.

FROM COPENHAGEN.

Aug. 20.—E. A. Java.
Sept. 2.—E. A. Java.
Oct. 10.—E. A. Java.

HONGKONG HEIGHTS.

For the information of visitors to following list of some of the highest points on the Island and Mainland is published:—

ISLAND.

Signal Station 1774
Mt Parker 1734
Mountain Lodge 1725
The Byrie 1725
Peak Hotel 1305
Taikoo Sanatorium 1000
Mt. Davis 877
Bowen Rd. (Alterbeds) 393

MAINLAND.

Taimoan 3124
Kowloon Peak 1971
Lion Rock 1645
Shatin Pass 1000
Canton Pass 780
Devil's Peak 724

Are You Going on a Journey?

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy should be packed in your hand luggage when going on a journey. Change of water, diet and temperature all tend to produce bowel trouble, and this medicine cannot be secured on board the train or steamer. It may save much suffering and inconvenience if you have it handy. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY

CAPITAL ... U.S. \$4,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE NEW YORK

Owned and controlled by a group of leading American Banks under control of Federal Reserve Bank and the New York State Banking Department.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

BRANCHES:—
Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Canton, Manila, Yokohama, San Francisco and Hongkong.

D. M. BIGGAR,
Manager.

EXCHANGE

Hongkong, August 15, 1923.

On London—

Bank Wire ... 2/3

" 30 days sight ... 2/3 1/2

" 3 months sight ... 2/3 1/2

Credits, 4 months sight ... 2/3 1/2

On Paris—

On demand ... 915

Credits, 4 months sight ... 915

On Berlin—

On demand ... nom.

On New York—

On demand ... 51 1/2

Credits, 60 days sight ... 53

On Bombay—

Wire ... 108 1/2

On Calcutta—

On demand ... 108 1/2

On Singapore—

On demand ... 91 1/2

On Manila—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On Shanghai—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On Yokohama—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On London—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On Yokohama—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On London—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On Yokohama—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On London—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On Yokohama—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On London—

On demand ... 103 1/2

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On London—

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On Yokohama—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On London—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On Yokohama—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On London—

On demand ... 103 1/2

On Yokohama—

On demand ... 103 1/2

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DEPOSIT AND CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

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LETTERS OF CREDIT.

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STEAMSHIP PASSAGES.

HOTEL RESERVATIONS.

BAGGAGE INSURANCE.

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PURCHASE OF BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

Every approved banking, shipping and travel transaction.

P. J. VAN BECKE, Manager.

THE INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

Head Office—York Building, Chater Rd., Hongkong.

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Correspondents in all commercial centres of China and abroad.

PROMPT SERVICE.

Attractive rates for all kinds of deposits.

Inquiries are welcome.

T. B. MAI, Manager.

LOCAL SHARE MARKET.

HONGKONG, AUGUST 15th, 1923.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

11 A.M.

Stock Exchange. Sharebrokers Association

Banks.

H.S.B.C. T.T. selling rate

and on Shanghai ... 2/3

Hongkong Bank ... 1100 s. & ss.

do. New ... 104 1/2

East Asia ... 104 1/2

Marine Insurance

Canton Insurance ... 625 s.

North China Insurance ... 140 s.

Union Insurance ... 225 s.

Insurance Yangtze ... 225 s.

Far Eastern ... 125 s.

Fire Insurance

China Fire Insurance ... 125 s.

Hongkong Fire Insurance ... 125 s.

Shipping

Douglas ... 62 s.

H.K. Steamship ... 412 s.

Shanghai (Prot.) ... 374 s.

do. (Det.) ... 130 s.

do. (H.K. Reg.) ... 130 s.

Shall Transport ... 67 1/2 s.

Star Ferries ... 53 1/2 s.

Refineries

China Refineries ... 210 s. 210/250 ss.

Malayan Sugar ... 55 s.

Mining

Kailan Mining Adm. ... 50 s.

Langkai ... 412 s.

Shanghai (Prot.) ... 374 s.

do. (Det.) ... 130 s.

do. (H.K. Reg.) ... 130 s.

Shall Transport ... 67 1/2 s.

Star Ferries ... 53 1/2 s.

Refineries

China Refineries ... 210 s. 210/250 ss.

Malayan Sugar ... 55 s.

Mining

Kailan Mining Adm. ... 50 s.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: Hongkong.

Authorized Capital ... \$50,000,000

Paid-up Capital ... \$20,000,000

Reserve Funds:—

Sterling ... \$4,500,000

Silver ... \$2,500,000

Reserve Liability of ... \$20,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:—

Hon. Mr. A. G. Lang, Chairman.

D. G. M. Bernard, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

A. H. Compton, Esq., W. L. Patterson, Esq.

G. M. Dodwell, Esq., J. A. Plummer, Esq.

G. T. M. Edkins, Esq., H. F. White, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGERS:—

Hon. Mr. A. G. STEPHEN.

Acting Manager: Hongkong—

Manager: Shanghai—C. H. TITZ, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS:—

Westminster Bank Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY AND FIXED DEPOSITS

received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and Shanghai on terms which will be quoted on application.

Hongkong, June 14, 1923.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

The business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the minimum monthly balances at 3% PER CENT. per annum.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

A. G. STEPHEN, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, November 14, 1922.

THE KEY TO GROW RICH.

THE CHINA INDUSTRIES DEVELOPMENT BANKING CORPORATION

LIMITED, of 5, Duddell Street, gives to all its depositors a handsome rate of interest.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Banks

The Bank of Canton, Ltd.,
Des Voeux Road Central.

China Specie Bank, Ltd.,
4, Duddell Street.

Building Contractors

Wing On & Co.
Building Contractors.
54, D'Almeida Street. Tel. Cen. 1597

Coal Merchants

Wailan Mining Admin. Co. (Doddwell & Co.,
Ltd.), Colliery & Steamship Owners.
Stamouss Coal, Coke, Firebricks.

K. Kimura & Co.
A. Connaught Road Central.

Kwong Hang & Co., Coal Merchants
55 Des Voeux Rd. Cen. Tel. Cen. 2788

Natani & Co., 5 Queen's Road Central.
Merchants. Coal Contractors and
Shipping Agents—Phone Cen. 1543.

Cotton Yarn Importers

Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha
Importers Cotton Yarn & Piece
Goods; No. 7 Macaulay Bank
Building. Tel. Cen. 3774 and 2908

Curio Dealers

Lock Hing, Chinese Curio & Silver Ware

Dentist

Harry Fong, Dentist,
1st floor, No. 74, Queen's Road
Central, Tel. Central No. 1255.

Electrical Suppliers

Sun Hing Co., Electric Platers and
Electrical Contractors also Typewriter
Ephors. 10 Pottinger St. Tel. Cen. 3580

Engineers & Shipbuilders

W. S. Bailey & Co., Ltd.
Engineer & Shipbuilder
Rowland Bay
New Works & Repairs
Call Flag "L"

Fertilizer

Eastern Asiatic Fertilizer Co., 10 Des Voeux
Tel. Cen. 3580

Glass Merchants

A. Lag & Co., Glass Merchants,
Furniture, Mirror and Canton Marble
Manufacturers. Electro-plated, Glass
Supplies. 10 Queen's Road Central.
Tel. Central No. 1219.

Hotels

Palace Hotel, Kowloon—Corner of
Haiphong and Hankow Roads. Few
minutes from ferry.

Importers & Exporters

Chai Bros. & Co., Importers and
Exporters and Commission Agents.
Des Voeux Road.

Kwong Sun & Co., 55 Queen's Road
Central. Ko Chi Chung (Manager).
Kwong King Him (Asst.). Tel. Cen. 3169.

Wan Hing Leong,
97-99 Queen's Road Central.
General Storekeepers, Wine & Cigar
Merchants, General Importers,
Exporters of Chinese Produce.
Tel. Central 351.

Pattell & Co., P.O. Box 316

Land & Estate Agents

Pan Yick Cho, Land & Estate agents
Tel. Central 911-1887.
25, Queen's Road Central.

Leather Goods

Nam Kang Saitase Co.,
Best makers of Leather Suitcases,
Hand Bags, Purse, Belts, etc.
Pottinger St., 208 Queen's Rd. Ct.
and 28 Hillier St.

Po Hing, 224 Des Voeux Road. Manu-
facturers of Leather Suitcases, Hand
Bags, Trunks, etc.

Merchants.

Asia Commercial & Development Co.—
China Bank Buildings (3rd floor) Tel. 2809

Gibbs, J. & Co., Alexandra Building.

Millinery

Madame Lily, Alexandra Building.
Latest models and creat ones from
Paris in Frock and Millinery.
"The Centre of Fashion."

Miners

China Commercial Co., Ltd.
Miners, Importers and Exporters
44-56 Queen's Road Ct. Tel. Cen. 2802.

Modistes

Madame Vines,
31, Queen's Road Cen. Tel. Cen. 589.
(Latest Fashion in style)

Optician

The Hongkong Optical Co. Phone 2121.
53, Queen's Road Central

N. Lazarus, Opticians.
Tel. Cen. 21. 15, Queen's Rd. Central

Printers

The "China Mail," General Printers,
Publishers and Bookbinders.
5, Wyndham Street. Tel. Cen. 23

Photographers

Moe Chuan, Photographer.
23, Ice House Street.
7, Beaconfield Arcade (Branch).
Developing & Printing undertaken.

Po Kwong Photo Studio

129, Wellington Street.
Photo Supplies and Developing.
Art picture dealer.

Rubber & Wood

Tankahke & Co., 39 Connaught Rd. W.
Manufacturers of Rubber Colours and
Singapore Wood. Tel. Central 4473.

Scales

Mustard & Co., Connaught Road Ctl.

Ship Chandlers

Chung Fook, 78 Connaught Rd. Ctl.
First floor. Tel. Central 629.
Shipchandlers, Stevedores and
Compradors.

E. Hing & Co.,
25 Wing Woo Street. Tel. Central 1116
Metal Merchants & Ship Chandlers,
Managing Director—Mr. H. S. Chin.

Sun Cheong, Provision Merchant.
Tel. C. 3761. 88 Praya East, Wanchai

Wang Kee & Co., Shipchandlers,
Compradors, Stevedores & Coal
Merchants. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19,
No. 38 & 37, Connaught Road, 19.
Central No. 943.

Shipowners

Max Wing S. S. Co., Ltd.,
38 Bonham Strand West. Tel. Cen. 1710
Regular Fortnightly Service
Hongkong and Haiphong via Hoihow
s.s. "Haitan"

Thai Thuan S. S. Co., Ltd.,
147 Wing Lok Street, East. Tel. Cen. 93
s.s. "Derwent" s.s. "Bourbon"
between Hongkong and Saigon.

Shoemakers

Jun Koo, Dealer in Sewing Machines
and Accessories, Boot & Shoe Maker,
7 Pottinger Street.

WONG SHU WOOD
SHOES, SLIPPERS FOR LADIES, GENTS
AND CHILDREN. BEST DESIGNS, PRICES MODERATE.
10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Silk Stores.

O. Chellaram—Royal Silk Store.
36a Queen's Road Central, Satin
Creme de Chine, Georgetown and
Brocade Silks.

Pohomull Bros., 36, Queen's Rd. C.

Tailors

Hongkong Tailoring Co.
Ladies' and Gent's Tailors,
10, D'Almeida Street, New Materials
of all descriptions. Tel. Cen. 3880.

Ah Young, Tailors, Drapers & Out-
fitters, Hat & Clothiers, Suits made
to order. No. 74, Queen's Road
Central. Tel. Central No. 2830.

Sing Cheong,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor.
24, Wyndham Street, 2nd floor.

Tobacco, Cigarettes.

British American Tobacco Co.
(China), Ltd., 15-19 Connaught Road.

Typewriters, Etc.

Mustard & Co., Connaught Road Ctl.

Wine & Spirit Merchants

Kwan Tye, General Storekeeper
Wine & Spirit Merchant.
No. 102, Queen's Road Central

HONGKONG TIDES.

The tide-table given below has been
compiled at the National Almanac Office
in London from the result of the observa-
tions taken by means of an
automatic tide-recording machine in the
Water Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui
during the years 1920-21.

The zero of the table corresponds with
the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty
Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet
inches below mean sea-level.

To obtain the depth of water on the
tide range at the Victoria Naval Yard
add 2 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge
at Lamont Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet
4 inches to the height given in the table.

August 14 to 20, 1923.

High Water

Low Water

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

Height

Standard Time

WEATHER REPORT.

August 15d 12h 07m—Pressure
has increased slightly at Shanghai
and over Indo-China. It has de-
creased moderately at Guam and
slightly at Yap. At other report-
ing stations it is nearly stationary.
A depression lies over Indo-
China.

It is doubtful whether the Guam
typhoon, suspected on August 11,
is still in existence. Another has
formed to the South of Guam.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours
ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.96 inch.
Total since January 1st, 55.50 inches.
Against an average of 59.20 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at
noon on August 16, 1923.

1.—Formosa Channel, S.E. winds,
moderate; generally cloudy, showery.

2.—South coast of China between
Formosa and Lannow, S.E. winds,
moderate; generally cloudy, showery.

3.—Hongkong to Star Rock, S.E.
winds, moderate; generally cloudy,
showery.

4.—South coast of China between
Formosa and Hainan, S.E. winds,
moderate; generally cloudy, showery.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY.

HONGKONG.

DAILY WEATHER NOTES

AUGUST 15, 1923.—a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force.	Wind.
Victoria Peak	6 a.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 a.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 a.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 a.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 a.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 a.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	6 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	6 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	6 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	6 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	6 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	6 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	6 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	7 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
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Victoria Peak	3 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
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Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
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Victoria Peak	8 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
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Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	1 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	2 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
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Victoria Peak	4 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	5 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
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Victoria Peak	9 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	10 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	11 p.m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
Victoria Peak	12 m.	29.85	72	72	0	0	c
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